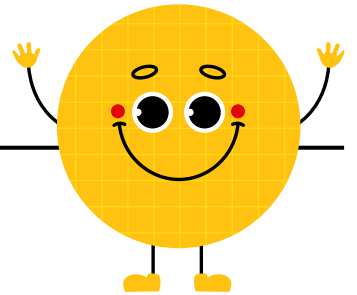
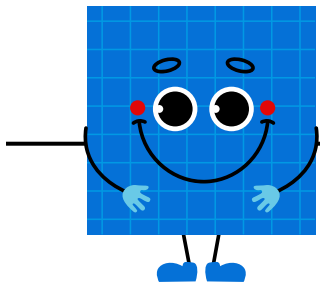




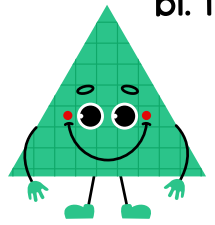
virtual au pair

graad 4

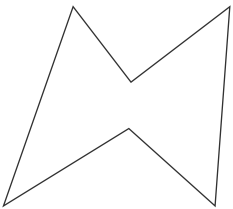
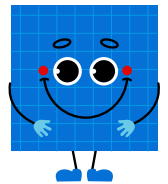
2D vorms

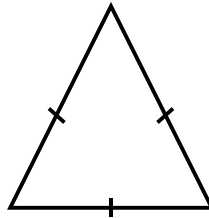


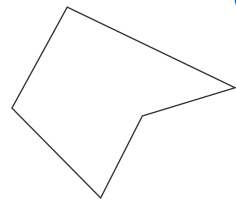
- eienskappe van 2D vorms
- beskryf en benoem
- poligone
- teken 2D vorms
- 2D vorms in 3D figure

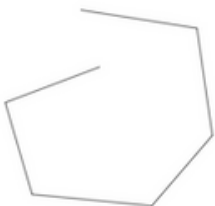
**vraag 1 : watter vorm se eienskap word hier genoem?**

- 1.1) 'n Vorm met vier sye ewe lank en vier hoeke ewe groot. _____
- 1.2) Twee pare teenoorstaande sye ewe lank en vier hoeke ewe groot . _____
- 1.3) Drie reguit sye : _____
- 1.4) Vier sye ewe lank en teenoorstaande hoeke ewe groot . _____
- 1.5) 7 reguit sye : _____
- 1.6) Vier reguit sye met aangrensende sye ewe lank : _____
- 1.7) 2D vorm met een geboë sye : _____
- 1.8) 8 reguit sye : _____
- 1.9) Vier reguit sye met een paar teenoorstaande sye ewewydig : _____
- 1.10) Vyf reguit sye , almal ewe lank : _____

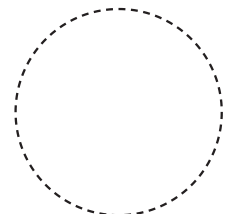
vraag 2 : Skryf onder elke vorm : poligoon/nie poligoon.

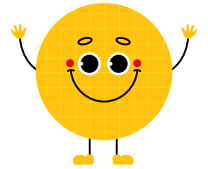










**vraag 3 : Bestudeer die volgende tabel en beantwoord die vrae.****1**

2**3****4**

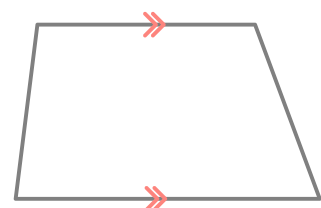
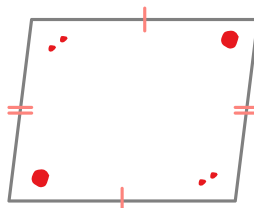
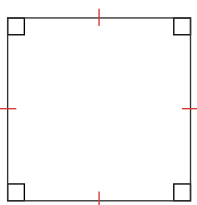
3.1) Is al die vorms in die tabel poligone ? Gee 'n rede

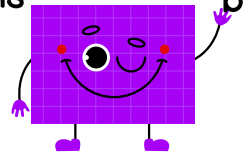
3.2) Watter kant van die tabel sal reëlmatige poligone wees ? Gee 'n rede

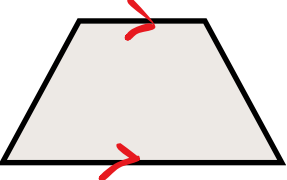
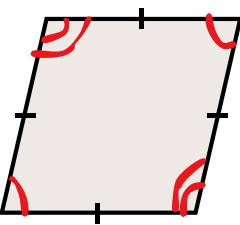
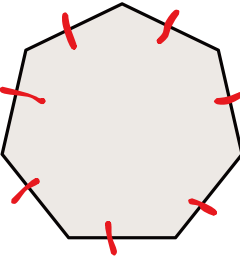
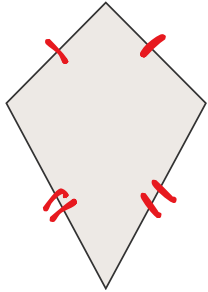
3.3) Wat word bedoel met onreëlmatige poligone ?

3.4) Sal albei vorms in die derde ry pentagone genoem kan word ? Gee 'n rede ?

3.5) Gee 'n gepasde naam vir elkeen van die vorms in ry 4 en verduidelik die verskil tussen die twee vorms. Die name van die vorms is nie presies dieselfde nie.

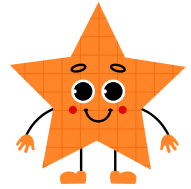
vraag 4 : Benoem die vorm deur na die eienskappe te kyk wat gegee word.

**vraag 5 : Voltooi die tabel.**

vorm	hoeveel geboë sye hoeveel reguit sye	eienskappe	reëlmatig of onreëlmatig
 naam : _____			
 naam : _____			
 naam : _____			
 naam : _____			



vraag 6 : bespreek verskille en ooreenkomste



6.1) Noem een ooreenkoms tussen 'n vierkant en 'n ruit .

6.2) Noem een verskil tussen 'n vierkant en 'n ruit.

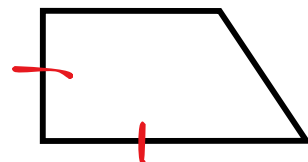
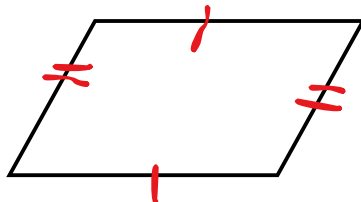
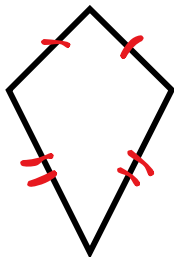
6.3) Noem een ooreenkoms en een verskil tussen 'n reghoek en 'n parallelogram.

6.4) Noem een verskil en een ooreenkoms tussen 'n reëlmatige en onreëlmatige heksagoon.

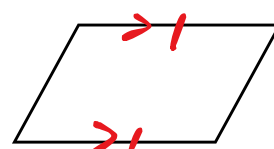
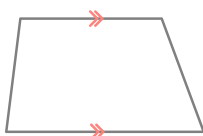
6.5) Noem een verskil en een ooreenkoms tussen 'n vierkant en 'n driehoek.

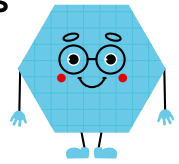
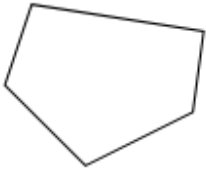
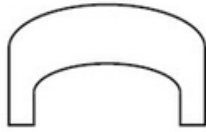
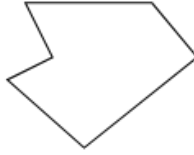
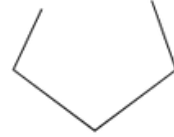
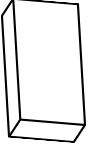
vraag 7 : terme verwant aan eienskappe

7.1) Kies die vorms waar daar aangedui word dat aangrensende sye ewe lank is . Merk met 'n kruis.



7.2) Watter vorm sal pas by die eienskap : een paar teenoorstaande sye ewe lank , maar nie ewewydig nie.



**vraag 8 : Bestudeer die vorms en beantwoord die vrae.****A****B****C****D****E****f**

8.1) Watter vorms het geboë sye sowel as reguit sye ? _____

8.2) Watter vorms is poligone ? _____

8.3) Waarom sal vorm E nie as 'n poligoon beskou word nie.

8.4) Watter vorm is 'n heksagoon ? _____

8.5) Watter vorm is 'n pentagoon ? _____

8.6) Is F 'n poligoon ? Gee 'n rede

vraag 9 : Teken 2D vorms

9.1) Teken 'n vryhandskets van 'n ruit en 'n vlieër en dui al die eienskappe aan.

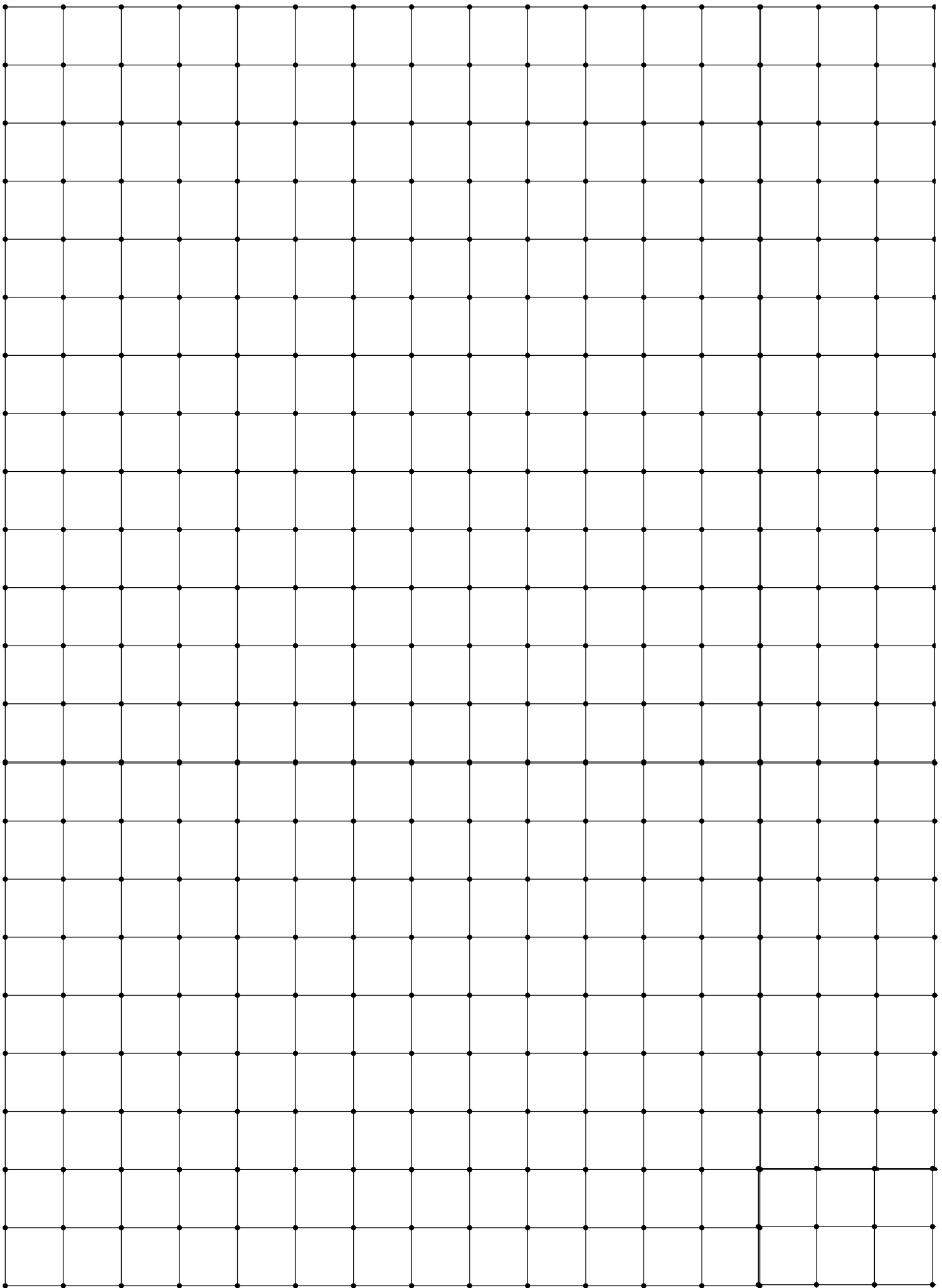
9.2) Gebruik die grafiekpapier op die volgende bladsy en teken die volgende :

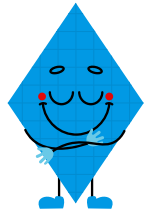
a) 'n vierhoek met sye elkeen 5 eenhede

b) 'n Driehoek met 'n basis van 5 eenhede en die ander twee sye albei 4 eenhede.

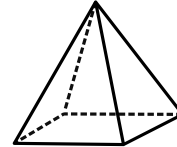
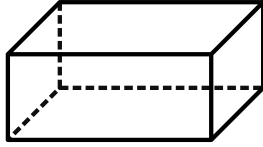
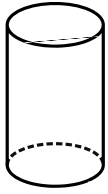
c) 'n reghoek met lengte 6 en breedte 3

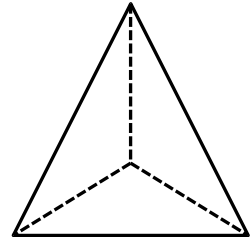
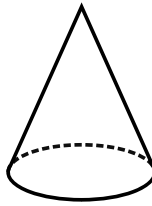
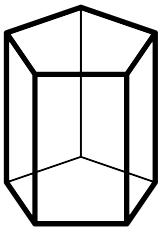
d) 'n trapesium met 'n basis van 8 en 'n teenoorstaande sy van 4, kantsye van 3 elk



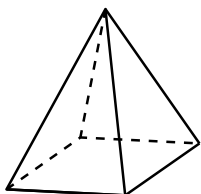
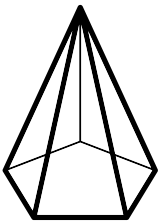
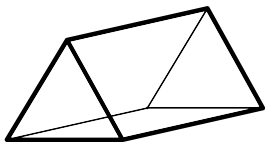
**vraag 10 : 2D vorm as basis van 3D vorms**

10.1) Skryf die basis van elke 3D figuur onder .





10.2) Teken watter 2D vorms die 3D figuur sal bou.



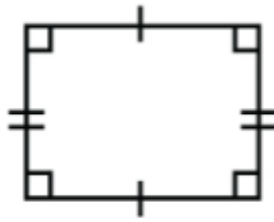
10.3) Indien jy 6 reëlmatige vierhoeke het, watter 3D figuur kan jy daarmee bou ?

**vraag 11 : Benoem elke vorm**

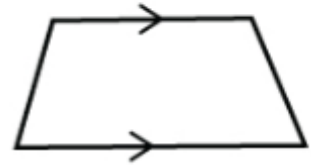
1



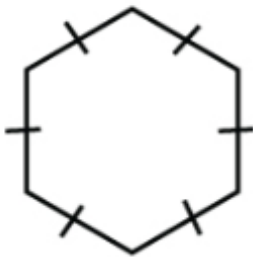
2



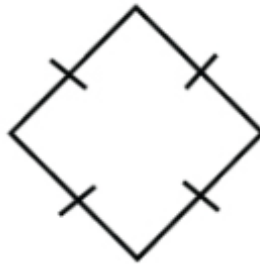
3



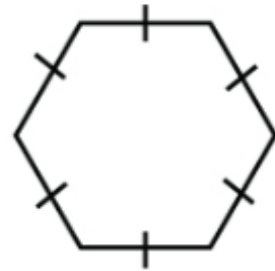
4



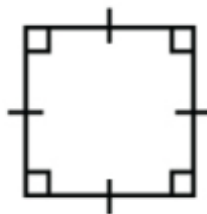
5



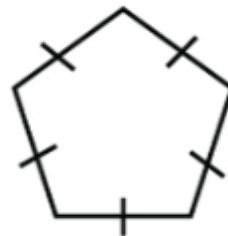
6



7



8



vraag 12 : Dui aan hoeveel hoekpunte en reguit sye elke vorm het.

	hoekpunte	reguit sye
2		
3		
4		
1		

